
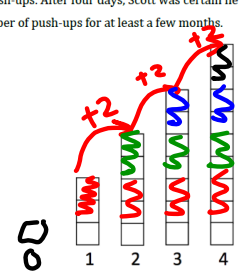
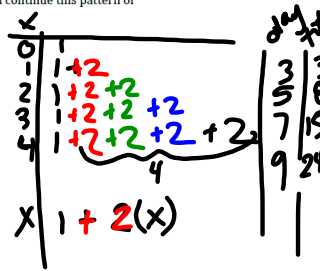


1.3 Scott's Macho March  
 A Solidify Understanding Task



After looking in the mirror and feeling flabby, Scott decided that he really needed to get in shape. He joined a gym and added push-ups to his daily exercise routine. He started keeping track of the number of push-ups he completed each day in the bar graph below, with day one showing he completed three push-ups. After four days, Scott was certain he could continue this pattern of increasing the number of push-ups for at least a few months.

1. Model the number of push-ups Scott will complete on any given day. Include both explicit and recursive equations.

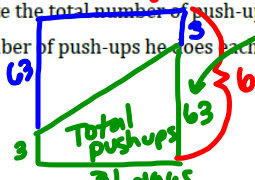
$y = 1 + 2x$   
 $y = 3 + 2(x-1)$   
 $y = 2x + 1$  ✓  
 $f(x) = f(x-1) + 2$   
 $f(1) = 3$

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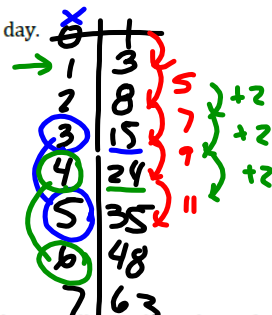
Scott's gym is sponsoring a "Macho March" promotion. The goal of "Macho March" is to raise money for charity by doing push-ups. Scott has decided to participate and has sponsors that will donate money to the charity if he can do a total of at least 500 push-ups, and they will donate an additional \$10 for every 100 push-ups he can do beyond that. So now Scott is going to track the total number of push-ups done up to any given day of the month.

2. Estimate the total number of push-ups that Scott will do in a month if he continues to increase the number of push-ups he does each day in the pattern shown above.

$\text{day } 31 = 1 + 2(31) = 63$   
 $\frac{e \cdot w}{2} = \frac{31 \cdot 66}{2} = 1023$



3. Draw the diagram that shows the total number of pushups that Scot has done in the month at the end of each day.



$x(x+2)$   
 $x^2 + 2x$   
 $\frac{31 \cdot 66}{2} = 1023$   
 $\frac{e(w)}{2} = \frac{x(2x+1+3)}{2} = \frac{x(2x+4)}{2} = \frac{2x^2+4x}{2} = x^2+2x$   
 $1023 = 31^2 + 2(31)$

4. How many push-ups will Scott have done after a week?

$x = 7 \rightarrow 7^2 + 2(7) = 49 + 14 = 63$

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5. Model the total number of push-ups that Scott has completed on any given day during "Macho March". Include both recursive and explicit equations.

ex:  $y = x^2 + 2x$  or  $x(x+2)$   
 recursive:  $f(x) = f(x-1) + (2x+1)$   
 $f(1) = 3$

6. Will Scott meet his goal and earn the donation for the charity? Will he get a bonus? If so, how much? Explain.

$f(31) = (31)^2 + 2(31) = 1023$   
 $\begin{array}{r} -500 \\ \hline 523 \end{array}$   
 $\frac{523}{100} = 5 \text{ bonuses}$   
 $\frac{23}{100} = \text{\$0}$   
 $\underline{\text{\$50}}$

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Name:

Quadratic Functions 1.3

Ready, Set, Go!



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Ready

Topic: Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic

The prime factorization of a number is given. Multiply each number to find the whole number that each factorization represents.

1.  $2^4 \times 3^1 \times 5^2$       2.  $3^4 \times 5^2 \times 7^2$       3.  $5^2 \times 11^2 \times 13^1$   
 $16 \times 3 \times 25 =$

The following problems are factorizations of numerical expressions called quadratics. Given the factors, multiply to find the quadratic expression. Add the like terms. Write the  $x^2$  term first, the  $x$ -term second, and the constant term last. (Example:  $ax^2 + bx + c$ .)

4.  $(x+5)(x-7)$       5.  $(x+8)(x+3)$       6.  $2(x-9)(x-4)$   
 7.  $3(x+1)(x-4)$       8.  $2(3x-5)(x-1)$       9.  $2(5x-7)(3x+1)$

$3(x^2 - 4x + 1x - 4)$   
 $3(x^2 - 3x - 4)$   
 $3x^2 - 9x - 12$

Sep 14-4:35 PM

**SET**  
 Topic: Distinguishing between linear and quadratic patterns  
 Use first and second differences to identify the pattern in the tables as *linear*, *quadratic*, or *neither*. Write the recursive equation for the patterns that are linear or quadratic.

10. 

x	y
-3	-23
-2	-17
-1	-11
0	-5
1	1
2	7
3	13

a. Pattern:  
 b. Recursive equation:

11. 

x	y
-3	4
-2	0
-1	-2
0	-2
1	0
2	4
3	10

a. Pattern: **Quad.  $x^2$**   
 b. Recursive equation:  
 $f(x) = f(x-1) + (2x+0)$

12. 

x	y
-3	-15
-2	-10
-1	-5
0	0
1	5
2	10
3	15

a. Pattern:  
 b. Recursive equation:

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13. 

x	y
-3	24
-2	22
-1	20
0	18
1	16
2	14
3	12

a. Pattern:  
 b. Recursive equation:

14. 

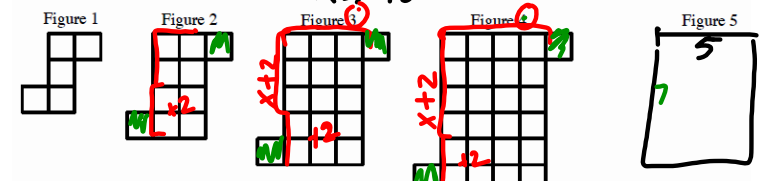
x	y
-3	48
-2	22
-1	6
0	0
1	4
2	18
3	42

a. Pattern: **Quad  $x^2$**   
 b. Recursive equation:  
 $f(x) = f(x-1) + (10x-6)$   
 $f(3) = 48$

15. 

x	y
-3	4
-2	1
-1	0
0	1
1	4
2	9
3	16

a. Pattern:  
 b. Recursive equation:

16. 

a. Draw figure 5.  
 b. Predict the number of squares in figure 30. Show what you did to get your prediction.  
 $= x(x+2) + 2 = x^2 + 2x + 2$   
 $= 30^2 + 2(30) + 2$   
 $= 962$

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GO

Topic: Interpreting recursive equations to write a sequence

Write the first five terms of the sequence.

17.  $f(0) = -5; f(n) = f(n-1) + 8$

18.  $f(0) = 24; f(n) = f(n-1) - 5$



19.  $f(0) = 25; f(n) = 3f(n-1)$

20.  $f(0) = 6; f(n) = 2f(n-1)$



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