

Pattern	Next Figure	Table of Values	Formula	Type?												
<p>Step 1 Step 2 Step 3</p>		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step # (n)</th> <th># of Squares f(n)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Step # (n)	# of Squares f(n)	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	<p>Recursive: $f(x) = f(x-1) + 1$</p> <p>Explicit: $y = 1(x-1) + 1$</p> <p>$y = x$</p>	<p>Arithmetic X</p> <p>Geometric _____</p>		
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<p>At the beginning Day One Day Two</p>		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step # (n)</th> <th># of Squares f(n)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>64</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Step # (n)	# of Squares f(n)	0	1	1	4	2	16	3	64	<p>Recursive: $f(x) = f(x-1) \times 4$</p> <p>Explicit: $y = 1(4)^x$</p>	<p>Arithmetic _____</p> <p>Geometric X</p>		
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0	1															
1	4															
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3	64															

Final Review

Period _____

Find the following information for the given Arithmetic sequences.

1) 36, 45, 54, 63, ... 52

Handwritten: +9, +9, +9, +9, ...

common difference = +9

explicit formula = $y = 9(x) + 27$

52nd term in sequence = $9(52) + 27 = \boxed{495}$

2) 32, 24, 16, 8, ... 52

Handwritten: -8, -8, -8, -8, ...

common difference = -8

explicit formula = $y = -8(x-1) + 32$

52nd term in sequence = $8(52) + 40 = \boxed{456}$

Find the following information for the given Geometric sequences.

3) 4, 12, 36, 108, ... 8

Handwritten: x3, x3, x3, ...

common ratio = 3

explicit formula = $y = 4(3)^{x-1}$

8th term in sequence = $4(3)^{8-1} = \boxed{8,748}$

4) 2, 8, 32, 128, ... 8

Handwritten: x4, x4, x4, ...

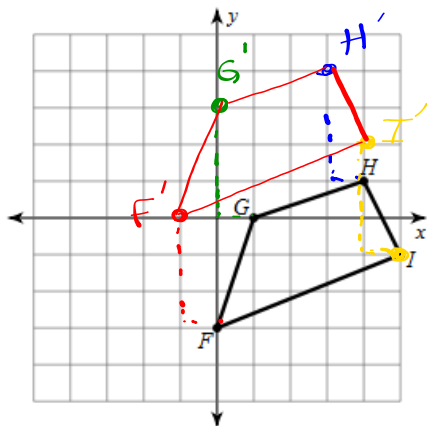
common ratio = 4

explicit formula = $y = 2(4)^{x-1}$

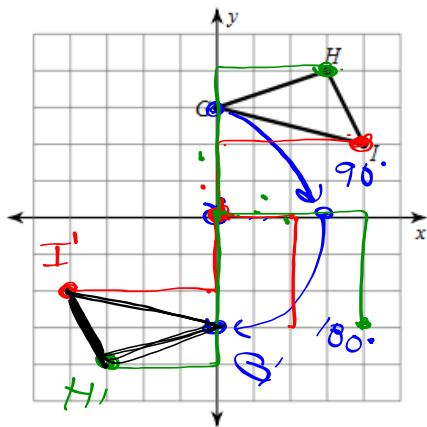
8th term in sequence = $2(4)^7 = \boxed{32,768}$

Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.

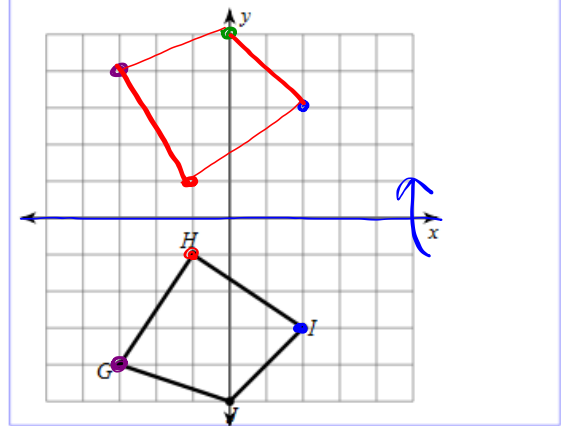
5) translation: 1 unit left and 3 units up



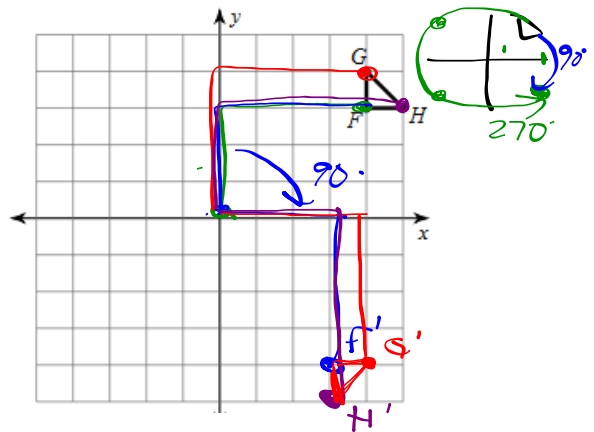
7) rotation 180° about the origin



6) reflection across the x-axis



8) rotation 270° counterclockwise about the origin



Solve each system by substitution.

9) $y = (-3x + 15)$
 $y = x + 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x + 15 \\ + 3x \\ \hline 15 = 4x + 3 \\ -3 \\ \hline 12 = 4x \\ \frac{12}{4} = \frac{4x}{4} \\ 3 = x \end{array}$$

$y = 3 + 3 = 6$
 $y = 6$
(3, 6)

10) $-4x - 6(1) = 12$
 $y = (-3x - 16)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x - 6(-3x - 16) = 12 \\ -4x + 18x + 96 = 12 \\ 14x + 96 = 12 \\ -96 \quad -96 \\ \hline 14x = -84 \\ \frac{14x}{14} = \frac{-84}{14} \\ x = -6 \end{array}$$

$y = -3(-6) - 16$
 $y = 18 - 16$
 $y = 2$
(-6, 2)

Solve each system by elimination.

11) $5x + 3y = -7$
 $5x + 5y = -25$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 3y = -7 \\ - (5x + 5y = -25) \\ \hline 8y = -32 \\ \frac{8y}{8} = \frac{-32}{8} \\ y = -4 \end{array}$$

$5x + 3(-4) = -7$
 $5x - 12 = -7$
 $+12 \quad +12$
 $5x = 5$
 $\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{5}{5}$
 $x = 1$
(1, -4)

12) $8x + 2y = -28$
 $8x + 4y = 18$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8x + 2y = -28 \\ - (8x + 4y = 18) \\ \hline -2y = -46 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-46}{-2} \\ y = 23 \end{array}$$

$8x + 4(10) = -8$
 $8x + 40 = -8$
 $-40 \quad -40$
 $8x = -48$
 $\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{-48}{8}$
 $x = -6$
(-6, 10)

13) $8x + 3y = 23$
 $-5x - 6y = -2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16x + 6y = 46 \\ + (-5x - 6y = -2) \\ \hline 11x = 44 \\ \frac{11x}{11} = \frac{44}{11} \\ x = 4 \end{array}$$

$8(4) + 3y = 23$
 $32 + 3y = 23$
 $-32 \quad -32$
 $3y = -9$
 $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-9}{3}$
 $y = -3$
(4, -3)

14) $5x + 9y = 24$
 $5(2x + 4y) = 12$

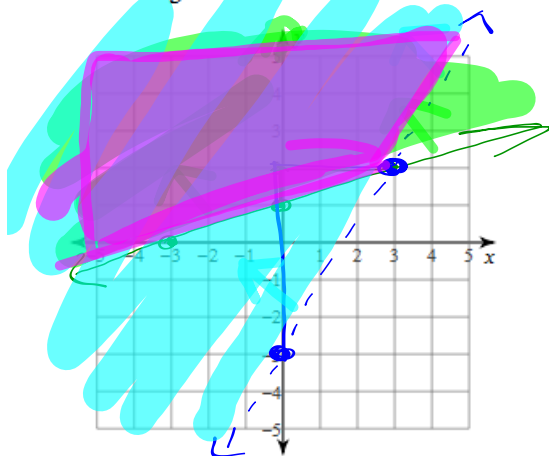
$$\begin{array}{r} 10x + 18y = 48 \\ - (10x + 20y = 12) \\ \hline -2y = 36 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{36}{-2} \\ y = -18 \end{array}$$

$2x + 4(6) = 12$
 $2x + 24 = 12$
 $-24 \quad -24$
 $2x = -12$
 $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-12}{2}$
 $x = -6$
(-6, 6)

Sketch the solution to each system of inequalities.

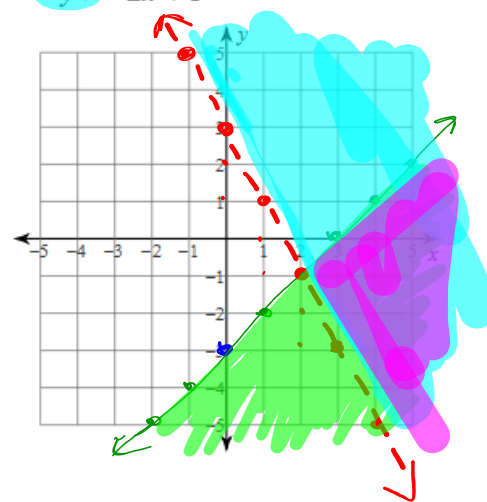
15) $y \leq \frac{1}{3}x + 1$

$y > \frac{5}{3}x - 3$



16) $y \leq x - 3$

$y > -2x + 3$



17.

	$y = 4 + 3x$	$y = 4(3^x)$																				
Type of growth	linear/exponential <small>circle one</small>	linear/exponential <small>circle one</small>																				
What kind of sequence corresponds to each model?	arithmetic/geometric <small>circle one</small>	arithmetic/geometric <small>circle one</small>																				
Make a table of values	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <thead> <tr><th>x</th><th>y</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>$4 + 3(0) = 4$</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>$4 + 3(1) = 7$</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>$4 + 3(2) = 10$</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>13</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	x	y	0	$4 + 3(0) = 4$	1	$4 + 3(1) = 7$	2	$4 + 3(2) = 10$	3	13	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <thead> <tr><th>x</th><th>y</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>$4(3)^0 = 4$</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>$4(3)^1 = 12$</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>$4(3)^2 = 36$</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>$4(3)^3 = 108$</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	x	y	0	$4(3)^0 = 4$	1	$4(3)^1 = 12$	2	$4(3)^2 = 36$	3	$4(3)^3 = 108$
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Find the rate of change	+ 3	x 3																				
Graph each equation.																						
Find the y-intercept for each function	4	4																				
Write the recursive or the explicit form of the equation.	$f(x) = f(x-1) + 3$ $f(0) = 4$ <small>change</small> <small>begin</small>	$f(x) = f(x-1) \times 3$ $f(0) = 4$																				

Write the equation of the line in slope-intercept form given the following information.

$$y = mx + b$$

18) $m = \frac{5}{3}, b = -3$

$$y = \frac{5}{3}x - 3$$

19) $2x + 7y = 14$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 7y = 14 \\ -2x = -2x \\ \hline 7y = 14 - 2x \\ y = 2 - \frac{2}{7}x \\ \hline y = -\frac{2}{7}x + 2 \end{array}$$

20) $y - 5 = 4(x - 3)$

$$y - 5 = 4x - 12 + 5$$

$$y = 4x - 7$$

21) $m = 1, (-2, 3)$

$$y = 1(x + 2) + 3$$

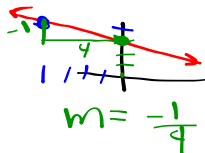
$$= x + 2 + 3$$

$$y = x + 5$$

22) $(0, 3), (-4, 4)$

$\frac{-1 \text{ rise}}{4 \text{ run}}$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 3$$



23) $(-5, -3), (0, -3)$

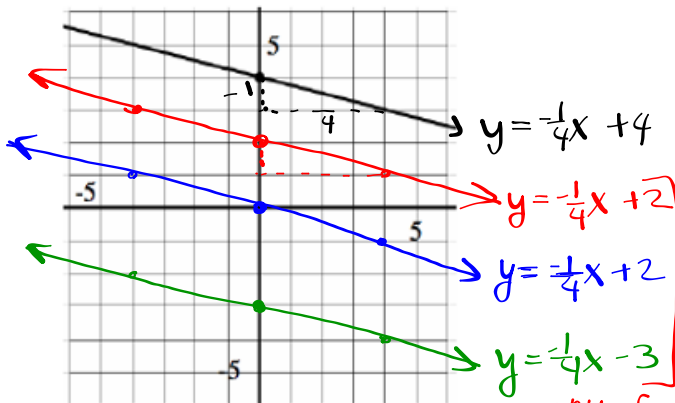
FLAT line!

$$y = 0x - 3$$

$$y = -3$$

24)

Graph a line parallel to the given line.



25) Lots of answers!

$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 4$

$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2$

$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2$

$y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 3$

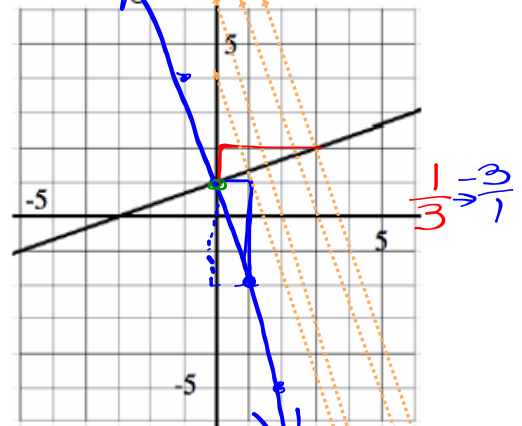
any of these are parallel

Equation for given line:

Equation for new line:

* or * or * or ...

Graph a line perpendicular to the given line.



Equation for given line:

$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$

Equation for new line:

$y = -\frac{3}{1}x + 1$

many answers! pick one! write the equation.

in-class next time

26) Find the following **key features** of the graph:

a) domain: (Joe) $(-\infty, \infty)$

b) range: (y's) $(-\infty, \infty)$

c) x-intercept(s): $-3, 0, 3$

d) y-intercept(s): 0

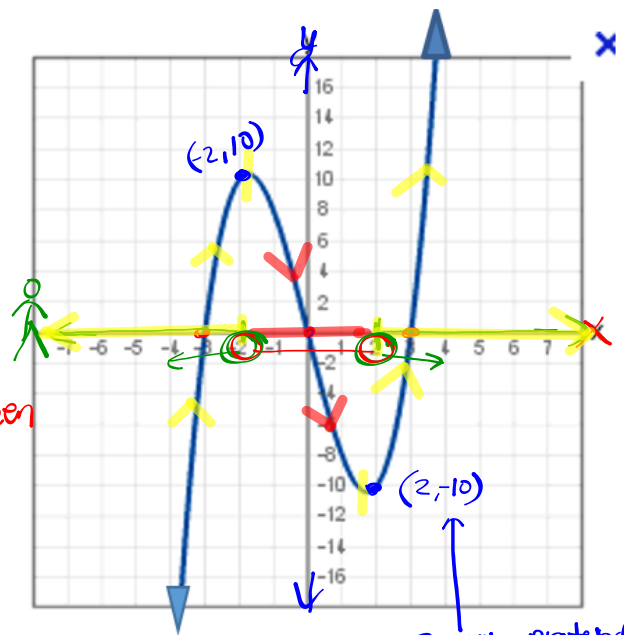
e) relative maximum/minimum:

f) Identify the interval(s) of: ** always, between which x's!*

increasing: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty)$

decreasing: $(-2, 2)$

constant: none



Sorry, pretend that perfectly goes to this point.

27) Find the following **key features** of the graph:

- a) domain: $(x, y) (-\infty, \infty)$
- b) range: $(-\infty, \infty)$
"can go off graph forever up"
- c) x-intercept(s): -9 and 2
- d) y-intercept(s): -6
- e) relative maximum/minimum:
"can see on graph" max 7 / min = 6
- f) Identify the interval(s) of:
 - increasing: $(0, 4)$
 - decreasing: $(-\infty, -3)$
 - constant: $(-3, 0)$ & $(4, \infty)$

